Session OV120

# Security Guidelines for New and Existing OpenVMS Applications

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# What makes a secure OpenVMS Application?

OpenVMS itself is rated C2.

Running a C2-rated operating system is not sufficient.
Applications must be designed to not compromise the integrity and containment of the C2-criteria.

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# Security Critical Areas

- Access Control
- Privileges
- Contamination
- Re-invention

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# Access Control

## Three sample areas:

- Password Management
- DECnet TASK Object
- File Protection and Applications

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# Password Management

- Change Frequency –
   Too Often is not good
- Pronounceability –
   Important
- Machine Generated Good, if pronounceable

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# DECnet TASK Object

- facility used for worm attacks
- worm attacks have used GUEST and default accts
- No alternative if network applications are to be developed (alternatives require >= SYSPRV)
- safe if used properly
  - NO DEFAULT ACCOUNTS
  - NO GUEST ACCOUNT
  - /NONETWORK qualifier
  - NONETMBX qualifier

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File Protection and Applications

- Access Control Lists and Identifiers
  - Do NOT grant access to individuals
  - Files may be accessed by identified classes of users
  - Individual accounts are given access to classes of data
  - Procedures at access removal/de-briefing

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# File Protection and Applications (cont'd)

- Do NOT block attempts beyond authorization – let the OpenVMS Security Alarms be triggered
- Break single files into multiple files to permit different security levels

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# **Privileges**

In a word: DON'T

Permissible: TMPMBX Possible: NETMBX

Never: Any Devour Class NO SYSPRV, CMKRNL, etc.

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## Contamination

Single Thread Application: Generally safe and within the OpenVMS security model.

Multi-theaded Applications: Integrity and security outside of the OpenVMS model; You are on your own!

### Suggestion:

Use Shareable Libraries to get the memory advantages of common executables without the Contamination hazard. (See session AD021).

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### Re-Invention

When you re-write something, it a reliable bet that you will forget about some seemingly small feature. Unfortunately, system security depends upon the interaction of many small, seemingly baroque details.

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# Re-Invention (cont'd)

#### Example:

If you need a LOGIN
authentication mechanism,
use LOGINOUT and
AUTHORIZE in concert with
SYSUAF to validate and login
your users. Attempting to
replicate the functionality
is more likely to lead to a
breach

If you require some capability not in standard LOGINOUT, consider using the exit or use or use a image executed during SYLOGIN.COM.

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# Summary:

It is possible to build extremely robust and secure applications under OpenVMS; provided that you do not compromise the integrity of the system; instead using OpenVMS and its underlying capabilities to leverage your own efforts.

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# Questions?

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