OpenVMS Shareable Libraries: An Implementor's Guide

Thursday, October 24, 2024

2024 OpenVMS Bootcamp Marriott Long Wharf Boston, Massachusetts

Introduction

When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

. . .

### Introduction

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

### When and Why?

It is well known that shareable libraries make sense in heavily used applications. For example, the OpenVMS Run-Time library is implemented as a series of Shareable Libraries.

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

. . .

### When and Why? (cont'd)

Not as well known are the benefits realized in program development and applications implementation. These benefits are completely user realizeable, and are separate from the traditional, well–known system–wide benefits of using shareable libraries.

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

#### Maintenance

No need to re-link entire program for a change in one routine.

Ability to quickly switch between new and old versions of routines.

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

### Speed/Efficiency

**INSTALLed shareable image** 

Read-only pages shared by many processes

Significant reduction in memory requirements

Significant reduction in disk storage requirements

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

"Leave No Stone Unturned"

Changes in object libraries require relinking to take effect

Relinking is a major task in a medium/large facility (tens or hundreds of programs)

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

# Dynamic Code Generation

Permits execution time customization
Highly efficient
Simplifies code
Old tactic; but not well known

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

### Why use Shareable Libraries?

- efficiency/performance
- maintenance/change control
- eliminate regression
- leave "No Stone Unturned" (or program un-relinked!)

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

# Why use Shareable Libraries? (cont'd)

 different programmers can work on different parts of the project at the same time without interfering with each other.

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

# What is an OpenVMS Shareable Library?

A Shareable Library is a section of code and/or data which is dynamically linked to your program at image activation.

Normal usage does not require any privileges not available to a Student user.

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

. . .

# What kinds of code can be included in a Shareable Library?

Almost any code can be placed in a shareable library. The main requirement is that the code be referenced by one or more programs or developers.

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

. . .

# Can data be included in a Shareable Library?

Yes, data can be included in a shareable library.

However, to ensure safety, you should make sure that the data is

Read only (NOWRT)
OR
Copy on Reference.

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

# What happens when I call a routine in a shareable library?

Main Program

Transfer Vector

Shareable Library Routines

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

. . .

# Can I use multiple shareable libraries at the same time?

#### YES!!!

Main Program

Shareable Library ALFA

Shareable Library BRAVO

OpenVMS Shareable Libraries: An Implementor's Guide

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

How do I specify a shareable library at execution time?

Use logical names.
No privileges required!

```
$ TEKPLT EXE: [GEZELTER] TEKPLT.EXE TEKPLT
```

\$ RUN program

Introduction
When & Why?
What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings

### On OpenVMS-ALPHA/IA-64/x86-64

#### In the LINKER Options File:

```
SYMBOL_VECTOR=(name1=PROCEDURE, -
name2=PROCEDURE, -
SPARE, -
SPARE, -
SPARE, -
SPARE, -
SPARE)
```

OpenVMS Shareable Libraries: An Implementor's Guide

What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings
Mechanics

# What do I save by using Shareable Libraries?

- link time (huge savings possible)
- disk space
- maintenance effort
- regression errors
- change management
- measured updates

What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings
Mechanics

#### Guidelines:

- provide ID entry points
- have main system produce optional revision listing of libraries used
- be careful of multiple versions
- be extremely careful of shareable, writeable data!!!! (JUST SAY NO!)
- enforce use of libraries

What is a shareable library?
Transfer vectors
Savings
Mechanics

### Shareable Libraries – Concepts

All calls to entry points in shareable libraries are routed through transfer vectors.

Most data areas are allocated as non-shareable space or are located on the stack.

Normal use requires no privileges.
Actual sharing of code/data requires the privileges to INSTALL the image.

Transfer vectors
Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development

### Source Program Concerns

Avoid impure references; address constants, use MOVA-type instructions instead (a MACRO issue)

Watch out for:
COMMONs (FORTRAN);
external variables (C); and
similar structures

Transfer vectors
Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development

# Compiler-related issues

Watch out for PSECT attributes!
Check LINK map!

In particular, the combination of SHR and WRT is generally a bad idea (when the image is installed, different processes will share Read/Write data).

Transfer vectors
Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development

#### LINKER-related issues

/SHARE switch on command
GSMATCH=LEQUAL,1,0 (in OPT file)
Fix PSECT attributes (if needed)
Be sure to check MAP file

Transfer vectors
Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development

# **Debugging Concerns**

Try to debug before releasing shareable image to the world.

Local logical names override more global names, thus you can switch between production and test versions from minute to minute.

Transfer vectors
Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development

### Cases from our Files:

We will present two case studies:

Development advantages

Applications tool for dynamic code generation

Savings Mechanics

**Use Case: Development Use Case: Dynamic Linking** 

**Summary** 

### Case 1 – Development

Symptom:

**Large Program – Slow Links** 

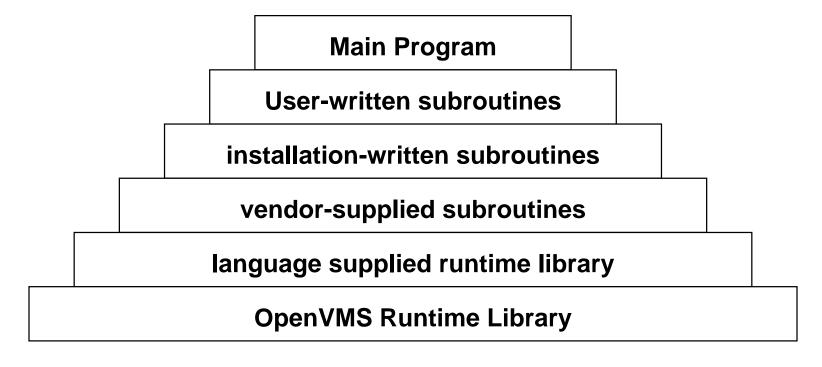
Linking this program reduced 99%; up to 20 minutes on a VAX-11/780

Savings Mechanics

**Use Case: Development Use Case: Dynamic Linking** 

Summary

# Problem: Programs are like pyramids – very large foundation



Savings Mechanics

**Use Case: Development Use Case: Dynamic Linking** 

Summary

#### Solution:

Create one or more user shareable images containing most of the foundation elements.

#### **Result:**

Link time reduced 99%!

Savings Mechanics

**Use Case: Development Use Case: Dynamic Linking** 

**Summary** 

# The support code, which is the bulk of the image, is in the shareable libraries!

Main Program

Shareable Library TEKPLT

Shareable Library VMSRTL

Savings Mechanics

**Use Case: Development Use Case: Dynamic Linking** 

Summary

# Specify the shareable library at execution time

# Use logical names. No privileges required!

```
$ ASSIGN TEKPLT EXE: [GEZELTER] TEKPLT.EXE TEKPLT
```

\$ RUN program

Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development
Use Case: Dynamic Linking
Summary

# Case 2 – Dynamic Linking a.k.a. Power Tools with Interchangeable Heads/Bits

Most programs are written to do a particular job.

How does one write a program to do many different jobs?

With Shareable Libraries, of course!

Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development
Use Case: Dynamic Linking
Summary

# Case Subject: Mailing List System

#### Must generate:

Labels
Envelopes
Form letters
Invitations
Listings
Attendee Lists

\_\_\_

Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development
Use Case: Dynamic Linking
Summary

### Problem: Complexity

Program complexity grows as an exponential (n\*\*m) of the number of different options AND the number of different values of the options

Savings Mechanics

**Use Case: Development Use Case: Dynamic Linking** 

Summary

### Complexity

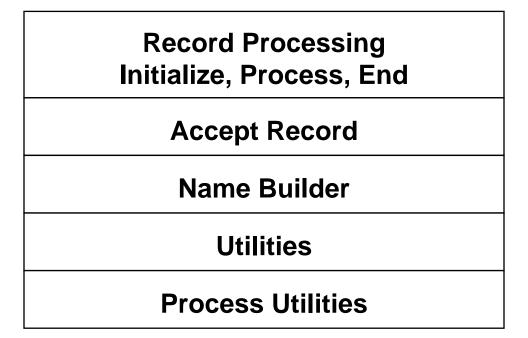
# Research has shown that correctness of code is endangered by large numbers of nested IF statemets

Savings Mechanics

**Use Case: Development Use Case: Dynamic Linking** 

**Summary** 

### Progamming by Components



Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development
Use Case: Dynamic Linking

Summary

# Programming By Chinese Menu

#### Pick:

1 from Column A

1 from Column B

3 from Column C

Savings Mechanics Use Case: Development

**Use Case: Dynamic Linking** 

Summary

### Conventional Programming

Column A: 5 possible choices

Column B: 7 possible choices

Column C: 30 possible choices

TOTAL: 1050 programs (5 \* 7 \* 30)

Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development
Use Case: Dynamic Linking
Summary

# Goal: Develop a large family of related programs with minimal effort

# Maintain separation between different applications

Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development
Use Case: Dynamic Linking
Summary

# Programming By Chinese Menu

5 Group A subroutine packages

7 Group B subroutine packages

30 Group C subroutine packages

1 Main Program

TOTAL: 43 programs / packages (5 + 7 + 30 + 1)

Savings Mechanics

**Use Case: Development Use Case: Dynamic Linking** 

**Summary** 

# Conventional Programming vs. Chinese Menu – The Difference

# Conventional: 1050 programs

**Chinese Menu:** 

43 modules/packages

3 interfaces

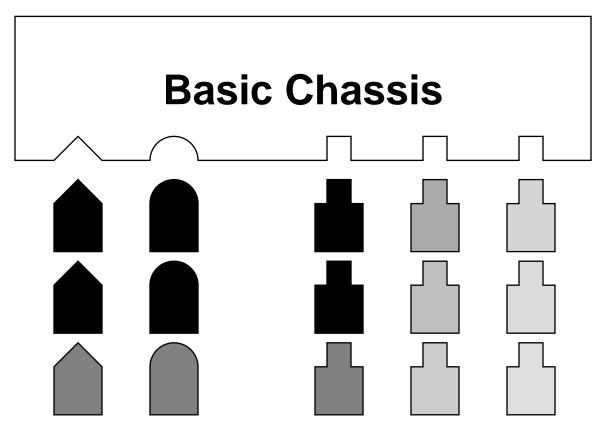
# The Difference: 1007 programs!

Savings Mechanics

**Use Case: Development Use Case: Dynamic Linking** 

**Summary** 

# Key Concept: Programming by Chassis



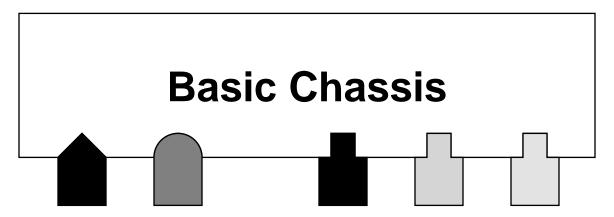
OpenVMS Shareable Libraries: An Implementor's Guide

Savings Mechanics

**Use Case: Development Use Case: Dynamic Linking** 

**Summary** 

# Programming by Chassis: Operation



Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development
Use Case: Dynamic Linking
Summary

#### Result:

Shareable libraries permit us to achieve the effect of multiple levels of nested IF statements without increasing program complexity.

Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development
Use Case: Dynamic Linking
Summary

#### Production Environment

The selection of components is driven by the menu system. There is little need for multiple levels of IF statements.

Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development
Use Case: Dynamic Linking
Summary

### Complexity Solution

By hanging different applications components on the same chassis, we are able to achieve a wide variety of options WITH NO INCREASE APPLICATIONS COMPLEXITY

Invariably, new cases arise.

Savings
Mechanics
Use Case: Development
Use Case: Dynamic Linking

Summary

#### Another view:

This way of building applications is conceptually similar to genetics. You build applications (organisms) out of simple building blocks.

Savings Mechanics

Use Case: Development
Use Case: Dynamic Linking

Summary

#### Questions?

Robert Gezelter Software Consultant 35 – 20 167th Street, Suite 215 Flushing, New York 11358 – 1731 United States of America

> +1 (718) 463 1079 gezelter@rlgsc.com http://www.rlgsc.com

Session Notes & Materials: http://www.rlgsc.com/openvms-bootcamp/2024/index.html

OpenVMS Shareable Libraries: An Implementor's Guide